





EUROMED Invest Academy Barcelona

"Barcelona Declaration+20, Trade and Investment for a Mediterranean of shared prosperity"

Young Women as Job Creators

Stimulating Women Entrepreneurship in the Mediterranean

Barcelona, 24th of November 2015











About us

Entrepreneuriat féminin















Association of Organisations of Mediterranean Businesswomen (AFAEMME):

- Founded in 2002 as a quadruple-oriented organisation:
 - Federation of Mediterranean businesswomen organisations
 - Platform for gender and business projects
 - Networking platform for women entrepreneurs
 - Euro-Mediterranean lobby organisation
- 47 member organisations from 23 Mediterranean countries

Albania, Algeria, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Croatia, Cyprus, Egypt, France, Greece, Italy, Jordan, Lebanon, Lybia, Malta, Montenegro, Morocco, Palestine, Portugal, Principality of Monaco, Slovenia, Syria, Spain, Tunisia, Turkey













Union for the Mediterranean (UfM):

- ➤ The co-presidency: The UfM is chaired by a co-president from the EU and a co-president from the Mediterranean partner countries.
- ➤ The Senior Officials: The work of the UfM is overseen and coordinated by the Senior Officials of the Foreign Affairs departments of the 43 partner countries, EU institutions and the League of Arab States.
- ➤ The Secretariat: Based in Barcelona, it is led by a Secretary General, assisted by 6 Deputies Secretary General for the 6 areas of work. It is financed by the European Commission and countries' contributions.















YOUNG WOMEN AS JOB CREATORS













Women entrepreneurship – how to mobilise the untapped economic potential and increase BSO membership

Entrepreneuriat féminin









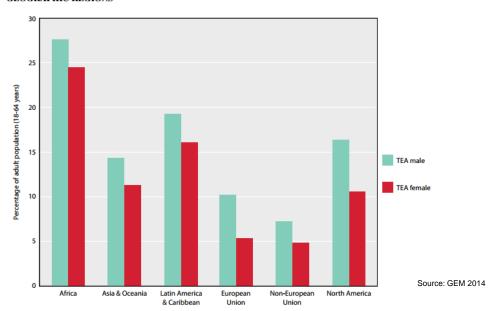




1. Low number of women entrepreneurs in the Mediterranean (both shores)

Early-stage entrepreneurial activity is dominated by men.

FIGURE 2.10 MALE AND FEMALE EARLY-STAGE ENTREPRENEURIAL ACTIVITY (TEA) IN 2014, BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS















- 2. Special need to promote entrepreneurship in the region
- a. Highly skilled women
- b. High female unemployment rates
- →MENA region: Only 26% of women join the labour force (worldwide female average: 52%). Women's unemployment rate is about 18% (world average of 6%)
- → EU: Women are four times more likely to be working part-time than employed men. The proportion of inactive young women remains double that of young men

WOMEN as an untapped resource

GENDER INEQUALITY COSTS 25% OF THE MENA REGION GDP / 15 % OF EU GDP

Directing women towards entrepreneurship → opportunity for JOB CREATION and GROWTH





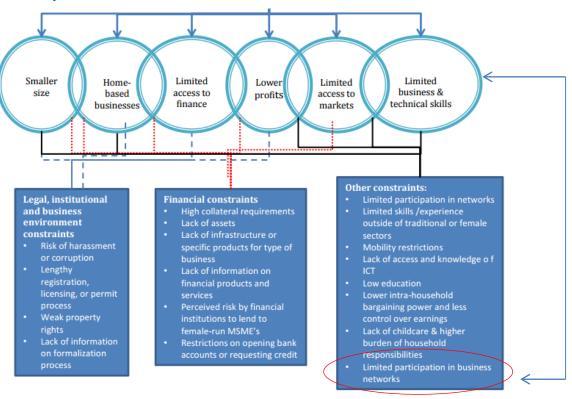






EURO MED INVEST

3. Limited participation of women in BSO/business networks



Source: World Bank Female Entrepreneurship Resource Point













Limited participation of women in BSO/business networks

- **Unequal access** to resources, skills and experience, opportunities, and business networks ("systemic" biases)
- Limited provision of gender sensitized business development services; women are not well served with mainstream business support













Some program approaches to address women's challenges in creating/maintaining successful enterprises (gender sensitized BDS)













YOUNG WOMEN ENTREPRENEURS - obstacles

- Lack of self-confidence / awareness about entrepreneurial potential
- Lack of appropriated business/management skills
 Universities and others education institutions don't provide this kind of competences
- More difficulties in accessing credit
 Banks reluctant to fund new entrepreneurs / lack of financial literacy
- Low presence in entrepreneurs' networks / lack of supportive structures
 Fewer business opportunities / Fewer financing opportunities















YOUNG WOMEN AS JOB CREATORS













YOUNG WOMEN AS JOB CREATORS PROJECT





Union pour la Méditerranée Union for the Mediterranean الإتحاد من أجل المتوسط

































YOUNG WOMEN AS JOB CREATORS PROJECT

Supported by the UfM because:

- Gender equality is first of all a basic human right. Women have the right to live in dignity and enjoy the same rights and opportunities as men.
- Gender equality is also Smart economy. It is widely agreed that better use of the female population could increase economic growth, reduce poverty, enhance societal well-being, and help ensure sustainable development.
- Strong evidence shows that companies that invest in women's employment gain an important competitive advantage. Companies with more women on their boards are found to outperform their rivals with a 42% higher return in sales, 66% higher return on invested capital and 53% higher return on equity.
- With 28% of youth unemployment in the region, improving access to business support and finance for micro, small and medium-sized enterprises led by women will create more than half the jobs in the region.















Phase I - motivating young women university students for entrepreneurship

Lack of self-confidence / awareness about entrepreneurial potential Low presence in entrepreneurs' networks

Motivational "Women Entrepreneurship Days" MOTIVATION - ROLE MODELS - NETWORKING

Business advice by businesswomen associations
EXPLORING BUSINES IDEA DEVELOPMENT
CONTACT WITH BUSINESSWOMEN ASSOCIATIONS

















Phase I - motivating young women university students for entrepreneurship

CONCLUSIONS:

- Actions to support women entrepreneurship among young women are still needed in BOTH shores (students expressed the need)
- Major obstacles: lack of specific business skills + lack of funding





























Phase II – creating successful women owned businesses

Lack of appropriated business/management skills
Difficulties in accessing credit
Low presence in entrepreneurs' networks

Training in marketing, management and finance
GENDER SENSITIZED BUSINESS SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

Individual mentoring

CONTACT WITH OTHER BUSINESSWOMEN /BUSINESSWOMEN ASSOCIATIONS



























CONCLUSIONS













Business development services/training

- Business skills training
- Soft skills and life skills training
 Reduce business and personal obstacles
- Consult with women's groups
- Ensure gender-disaggregated data collection
- Flexibility of programs
 Taking into account women's childcare/familiar commitments, transportation, cultural barriers...
- Gender-sensitization of family/community/financial community
 Better understanding of women entrepreneur's struggles means a more supportive environment
- Networking/Build infrastructure
 Women paired with mentors/coaches/other women entrepreneurs/partnerships













- Need for gender sensitized business support services, especially for young women - this can directly contribute to the promotion of women entrepreneurship (make the difference)
- Permanent gender sensitized service provision (for example women's business incubators) is a good alternative to punctual programs supporting women entrepreneurship – almost no additional cost













www.afaemme.org

http://www.afaemme.org/young-women-as-job-creators

www.ufmsecretariat.org

http://ufmsecretariat.org/young-women-as-job-creators-ufm-prepares-the-launch-of-the-second-phase-of-the-project-to-promote-women-entrepreneurship/

















Thank you very much for your attention

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